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SECOND CONSONANTAL SOUND SHIFT IN GERMANIC LANGUAGES

How High German Developed from Low German, 500-700 A.D.

LOW GERMAN LANGUAGES:			HIGH GERMAN	
English	Dutch	Plautdietsch	Standard German	
---	retained	---	shifted to --	
	<u>p</u>		<u>p</u> -> <u>pf</u>	<u>pf</u>
apple	appel	Aupel		Apfel
pan	pan	Paun		Pfanne
plant	plant	Plaunt		Pflanze
	<u>p</u>		<u>p</u> -> <u>f</u>	<u>f</u>
help (n.)	hulp	Help		Hilfe
hope (v.)	hopen	hope		hoffen
soap	zeep	Seep		Seife
	<u>t</u>		<u>t</u> -> <u>z</u>	<u>z</u>
ten	tien	tian		zehn
toe	teen	Tee		Zehe
two	twee	twee		zwei
	<u>t</u>		<u>t</u> -> <u>ss</u>	<u>t</u>
eat (v.)	eten	äte		essen
foot	voet	Foot		Fuss
kettle	ketel	Kjätel		Kessel
	<u>d</u>		<u>d</u> -> <u>t</u>	<u>t</u>
dream	droom	Droom		Traum
drink (v.)	drinken	drinkje		trinken
ladder	ladder	Lada		Leiter
	<u>v-sound</u>		<u>v/w</u> -> <u>b</u>	<u>b</u>
over	over	äwa		über
seven	zeven	säven		sieben
weave (v.)	weven	wäwe		weben
	<u>k</u>		<u>k</u> -> <u>ch</u>	<u>ch</u>
awake	wakker	wacka		wach
book	boek	Buak or Book		Buch
cook (v.)	koken	koake		kochen